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#11DB

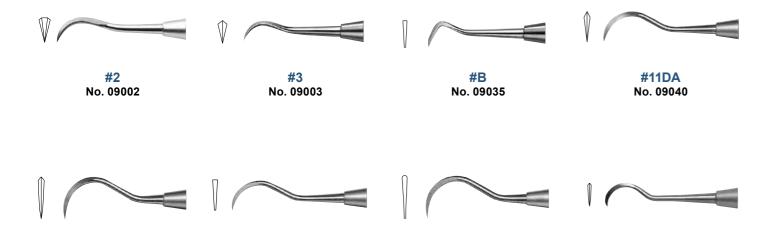
No. 09041

Scaler









#11SB

No. 09043

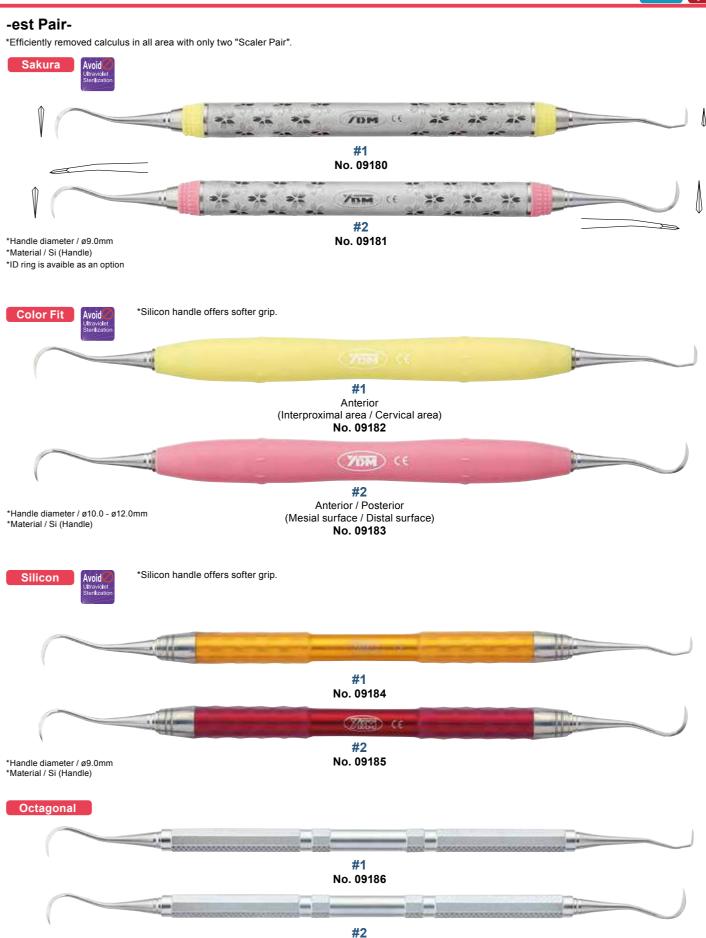
#11 Slim

No. 09044



#11SA

No. 09042



No. 09187

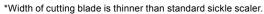
*Handle diameter / ø6.5mm

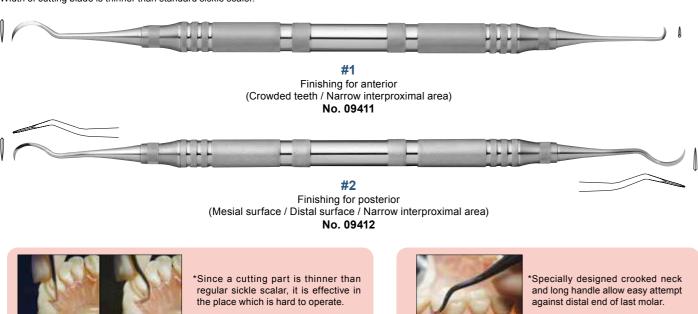


Scaler





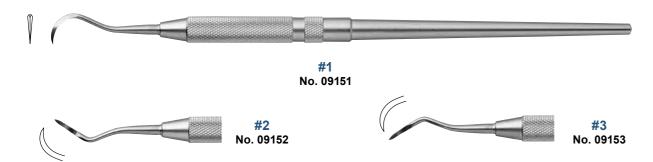






Slim #1

Regular

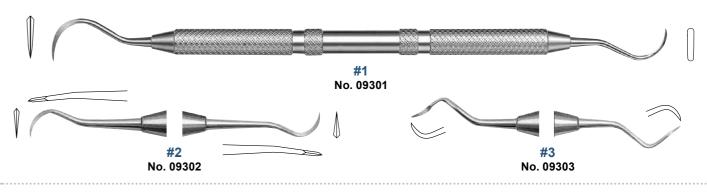


Slim #2

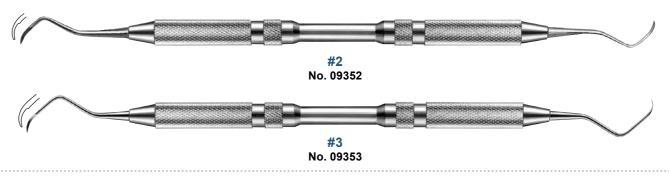
-YB-



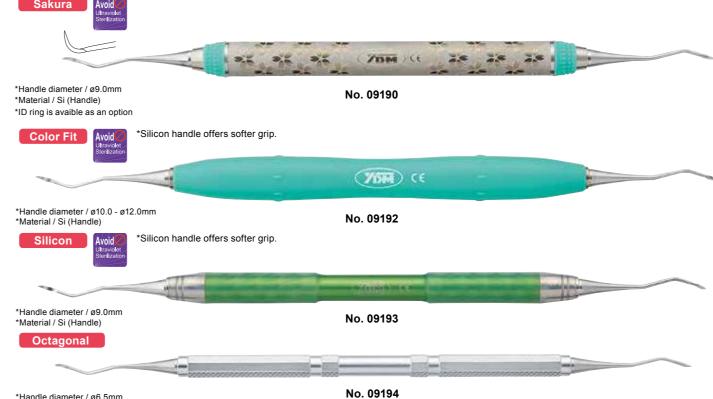
-Partner-



-Ergonomics MK-



-est Double End #204SD-



*Handle diameter / ø6.5mm



- *Specially designed crooked neck allow easy attempt against distal end of posterior teeth.
- *The long neck also helps to reach distal end of last molar.





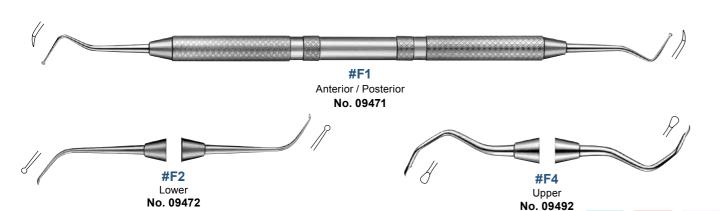




Scaler



-for Furcation-*Specially designed for scaling and root planing at the furcation and deep subgingival area.



Diamond Coated File Scalers Nabers



- *Diamond coated on 360°.
- *This feature makes it available to do operation with any part of the tip.
- *Also can be effectively used for superior dome of the furcation part and the corner part.
- *Slide the tip part like "File" for an operation.



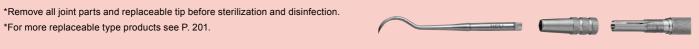
*Material / Si (Handle)

No. 09470

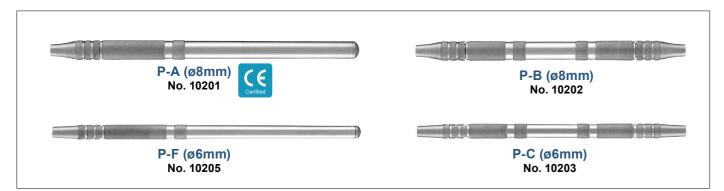
Scaler Tip (Replaceable Type)



*Remove all joint parts and replaceable tip before sterilization and disinfection.



-Handle-



-Tip (3 ea.)-







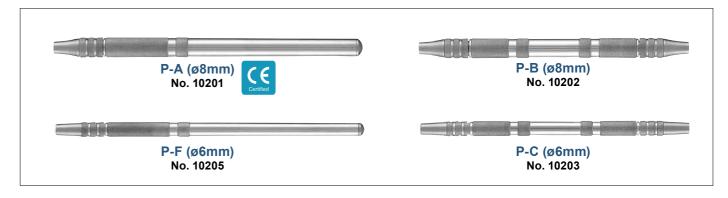


Scaler Tip (Replaceable Type)

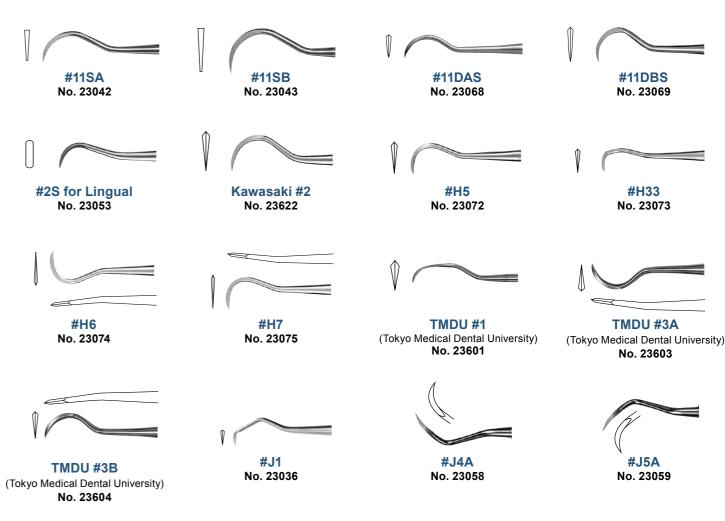




-Handle-



-Tip (3 ea.)-



































No. 23061

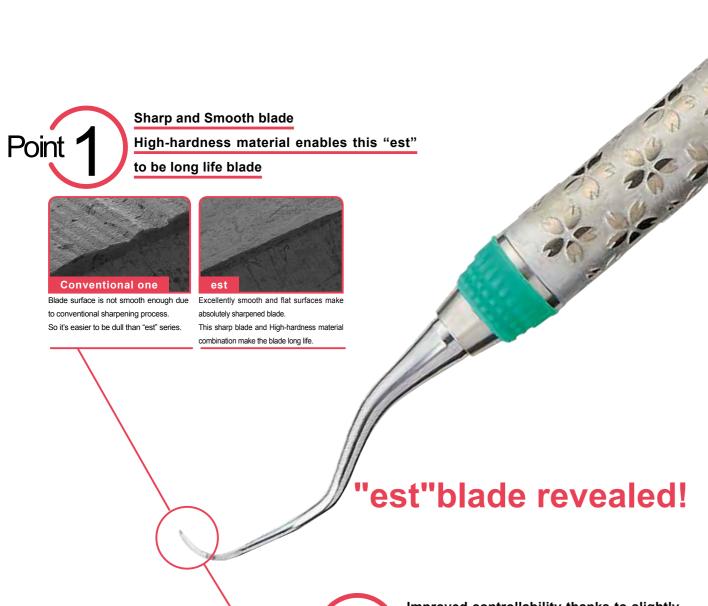
Gracey Curette and Scaler

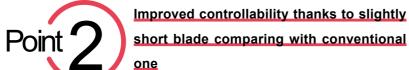


"est blade" is excellently sharpened with more time and effort than conventional ones.

Also water-sanding-process is applied so the hardness doesn't become low through polishing.

We even designed the blade length slightly shorter to make it easier to control Gracey Curette and prevent the damage with periodontal tissue thanks to the efficient operation.







narrow pocket under low visibility, It requires high technique to put and fit the



It was hard to control the blade inside the
It becomes much easier to control just by designing the blade slightly shorter.



Gracey Curette





Soft

*Handle diameter / ø9.5mm *Material / Si (Handle)

*ID ring is avaible as an option

Description	ID Ring	#G1-2	#G3-4	#G5-6	#G7-8	#G9-10	#G11-12	#G13-14	#G15-16	#G17-18
Hard	Green	09821	09822	09823	09824	09825	09826	09827	09828	09829
Soft	Pink	09831	09832	09833	09834	09835	09836	09837	09838	09839
Mini	Blue	09841	09842	09843	09844	-	09846	09847	09848	-

Mini



*Handle diameter / ø10.0 - ø12.0mm

Description	#G1-2	#G3-4	#G5-6	#G7-8	#G9-10	#G11-12	#G13-14	#G15-16	#G17-18
Handle	Violet	Orange	Yellow	Blue	Red	Pink	Green	Navy	Lime
Hard	09851	09852	09853	09854	09855	09856	09857	09858	09859
Soft	09861	09862	09863	09864	09865	09866	09867	09868	09869
Mini	09871	09872	09873	09874	-	09876	09877	09878	-



*Handle diameter / ø9.0mm *Material / Si (Handle)

Description	#G1-2	#G3-4	#G5-6	#G7-8	#G9-10	#G11-12	#G13-14	#G15-16	#G17-18
Handle	Violet	White	Yellow	Red	Blue	Green	Black	Green	Black
Hard	09881	09882	09883	09884	09885	09886	09887	09888	09889
Soft	09891	09892	09893	09894	09895	09896	09897	09898	09899
Mini	09901	09902	09903	09904	-	09906	09907	09908	-



09923

09933

09924

09934

09925

09926

09936

09927

09937

09928

09938

09929

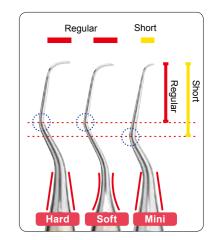
09921

09931

09922

09932

*Neck flexibility : Low Hard *Best for scaling of heavy and / or (Rigid) plenty of dental calculus. *Neck flexibility : High Soft *Best for finishing work of root (Standard) planing and scaling. *Neck flexibility : Low Mini *Best for scaling in deep narrow pockets, furcation and crowding.









Premolar

#G7-8 Posterior (Lingual surface Buccal surface)

#G9-10 Posterior (Furcation area of Lingual surface and Buccal surface)



Posterior

(Mesial surface)

#G13-14 Posterior (Distal surface)





Posterior (Mesial surface)

Posterior (Distal surface)



#G1-2 #G3-4 Anterior Anterior



Anterior

Premolar

#G5-6



Posterior

(Lingual surface Buccal surface)

#G11-12 Posterior

(Mesial surface)

#G13-14 Posterior (Distal surface)

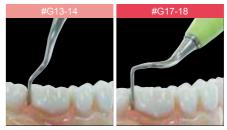


Posterior (Mesial surface)

Posterior (Mesial surface)



Posterior (Distal surface)



^{*}Deep angled shank of #G15-16 and #G17-18 prevent to be hit by patient's opposite teeth.



ID Ring



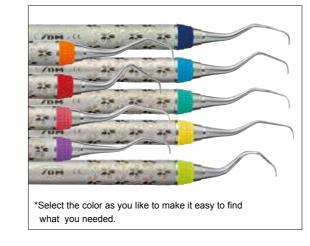




*This ID Ring is only for Sakura handle.



No.	Description	Q'ty
13690	Assort	18pcs (9colors x 2)
13691	Violet	10pcs
13692	Orange	10pcs
13693	Yellow	10pcs
13694	Blue	10pcs
13695	Red	10pcs
13696	Pink	10pcs
13697	Green	10pcs
13698	Navy	10pcs
13699	Lime	10pcs



*Diameter / ø9.0mm *Material / Si

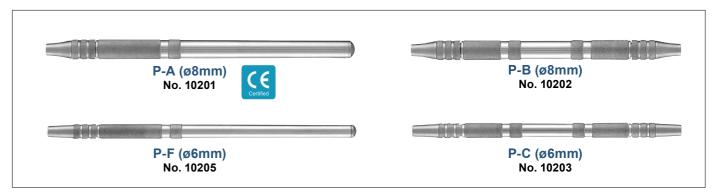
Gracey Curette Tip (Replaceable Type)



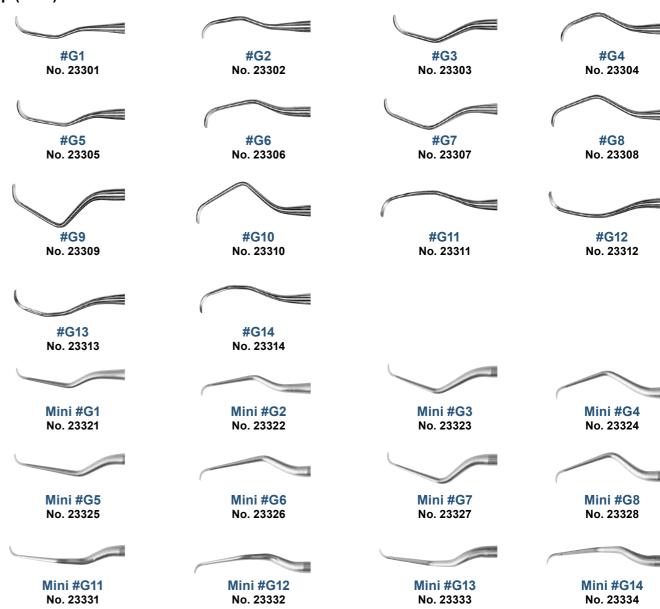


*Remove all joint parts and replaceable tip before sterilization and disinfection. *For more replaceable type products see P. 201.

-Handle-



-Tip (3 ea.)-



Periodontal Curette







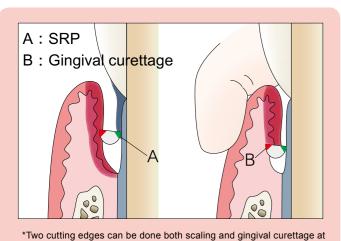
-KK-Type-

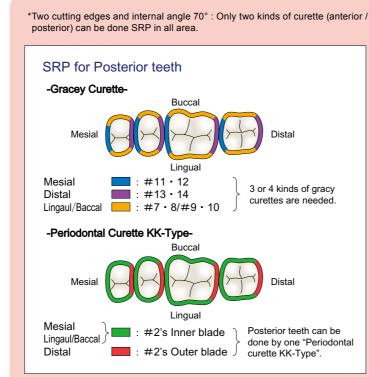


Mini #4
Posterior (Narrow Pocket)
No. 09308

*Material / Si (Handle)







Explorer

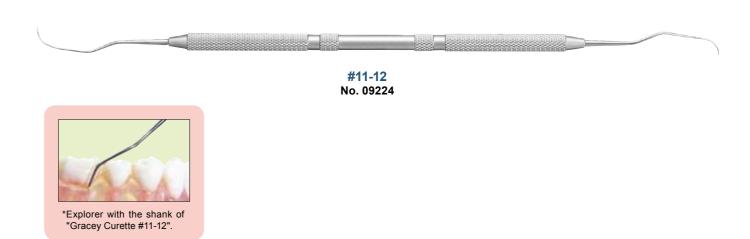


*Thinness and elasticity at the tip are effective in the check of dental tartar, cavity and surplus cement.

-Single End-



-Double End-



Root Planing Check Scaler



*Double-end instrument with explorer and sickle scaler.

*It is suitable for the check of the left dental tartar and regular check.



the same time.

Sharpener Re Born



Point Switch your stone to Re Born

Moving grind stone is designed at the angle of 70°.

Point 2 Anytime & Anywhere

Since it is very compact and cordless, it can use under scaling and for the vacant time easily anywhere.

Point 3 Stable result

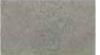
By mechanizing a motion and angle of a grind stone, user can concentrate on an instrument to grind stone and the stable result is guaranteed.

Characteristic of Grind Stone



Ceramic Grind Stone *Fine Grit - Midium Grit *For routine maintenance sharpening.

utoclavable o to 135°C



Diamond Grind Stone

*Sharpening of dull

instruments.

*Coarse Grit

Ceramic Grind Stone Diamond Grind Stone Sharpening Tester Instrument Cap Angle Assist for Gracey AA Alkaline battery (2 ea.)

Main Body



Product spec Contents

[Main Body]

- *Size / W58 x D107 x H55mm *Weight / 170g (without battery)
 - *Spining disc at the bottom
 - *Material / Plastic

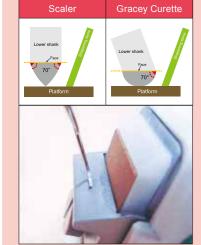
[Grind Stone]

- *Ceramic Grind Stone / Diamond Grind Stone *Requires no lubrication.
- *Grindstone can be used for 4 times of

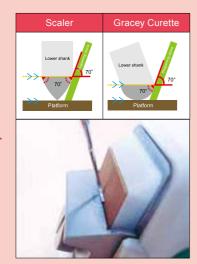
*2 AA alkaline batteries operate the unit.

different part of its surface.

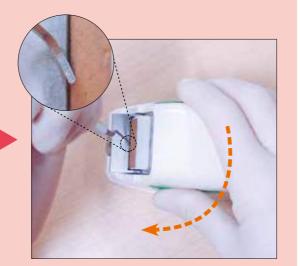
-How to Use-



1) Place the middle of the back of the instrument blade and face should be parallel on the platform.



2) Slightly move the instrument to moving grind stone and the lateral side of the blade will be against the stone for sharpening.



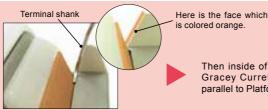
3) To sharpen the toe of the blade, turn the Re Born itself.

-How to use an "Angle Assist for Gracey"-

This "Angle Assist for Gracey" is a guide which keeps inside of the edgeof Gracey Currete parallel to



1) Put an "Angle assist for Gracey" to Re Born.



Then inside of the edge of Gracey Currete becomes parallel to Platform.

2) Keep the terminal shank of Gracey Curette even with the line of "Angle Assist for Gracey" which is colored orange.

Sharpening Stone





F (Flat) Finishing No. 13006

Size / W102 x D26 x H6mm

-Arkansas-

*Since arkansas sharpening stones are natural stones, product will differ from picture.

A (Wedge)

No. 13001



4 (Flat) No. 13033 Size / W100 x D25 x H6mm

Size / W100 x D26 x H6mm

Coarse Grit

Contents Sharpening Stone / Scaling Tester



Size / W100 x D50 x H10mm 6A (Wedge) No. 13030

Sharpening Stone / Scaling Tester Midium Grit

6AS (Wedge) No. 13032

Size / W76 x D50 x H10mm

-Ceramic (Wedge)-

Contents Sharpening Stone / Scaling Tester

No. 13044



Size / W80 x D40 x H8mm

Midium Grit



*No lubrication needed.

*V and U shaped grooved help sharpening of toe of scaler and







Scaler Pair Round Sakura #1 for Education



*This is for sharpening practice. The condition of blade is suite similar to used scalars as we make it dull after applying blade.



Gracey Curette H Round #G13-14 for Education



*This is for practising sharpening. The condition of blade is suite similar to used scalars as we make it dull after applying blade.



No. 13025

Sharpening Oil



*It is the lubricating oil that uses natural materials. So it is not harmful for

*Density is relatively high so it is suitable for sharpening

Instrument Oil



- *It prevents instruments from getting rust if you apply small amount of oil to the instruments before autoclave sterilization
- *It is used as lubricating oil to the joint part of forceps as well.
- *It is also used as sharpening oil for scalers, curettes,and any other

No. 13094



No. 13093



Sharpening Test Stick



*This product is autoclavable

No. 13056 (6ea.)

- *Size / ø6 x 76mm
- *Material / PC : Heatproof temperature 132°C
- *Alcoholic disinfection is possible

Scaling Tester

No. 53016





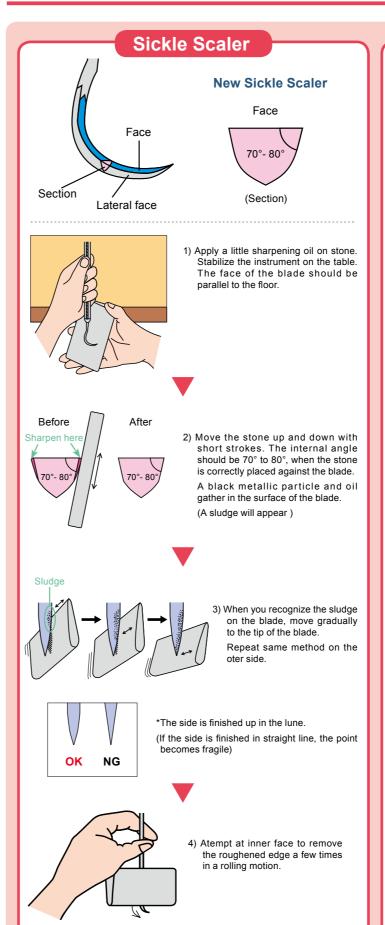




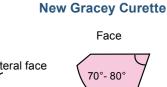




How to Sharpening



Gracey Curette



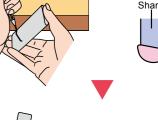


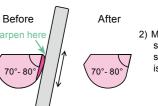


Section

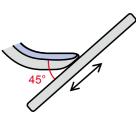
Face

1) Apply a little sharpening oil on stone Stabilize the instrument on the table The face of the blade should be parallel





2) Move the stone up and down with short strokes. The internal angle should be 70° to 80°, when the stone is correctly placed against the blade.



3) When you recognize the sludge on the blade, move gradually to the tip of the To round the toe of a Curette, place



stone at 45° to the face.



*Rotate the stone around the toe.



4) Atempt at inner face to remove the roughened edge a few times in a rolling motion.













































How to Sharpening

Why sharpen?

- *Improve calculus removal.
- *Improve tactile sensitivity.
- *Minimize patient discomfort, reduce fatigue and save time.

Basis

- *Ideally, instruments should be sharpened before each use.
- *Instruments should be kept sharp and true to their original design.

Points

- *Sharpen with appropriate force.
- *Apply a little sharpening oil on stone.
- *Stabilize the instrument on the table.
- *Keep appropriate angle of blade and stone.
- *The face of the blade should be parallel to the floor.
- *Firmly hold sharpening stone and instrument by hand.

Sharpening stones

Comparison Chart

Name	Origin	Lubricant	Grit
Arkansas stone	Natural	Oil	Fine - Midium
Sharpening stone	Synthetic	Water / Oil	Coarse
Ceramic stone	Synthetic	-	Fine - Midium

^{*}Arkansas stone : Finishing.

Sharpening Oil

Oil is used to decrease friction heat and allows smooth sharpening.

Apply a few drops of oil on the stone and wipe with soft paper, then start the sharpening.

To assess the instrument

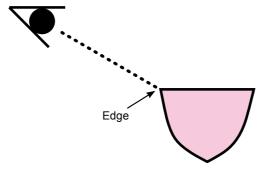
Check your sharpening by two methods below

1. Use a scaling tester

If the instrument has the sharp edge, you feel "bite" the blade into

2. Check the reflected light on the edge

Face to the cutting edge and check the reflected light. If light reflects and it is visible in the shape of a line, the edge does not sharp. Sharp edge does not reflect light.



*By following a simple sharpening routine, your instruments will reward you with a long trouble-free working life.

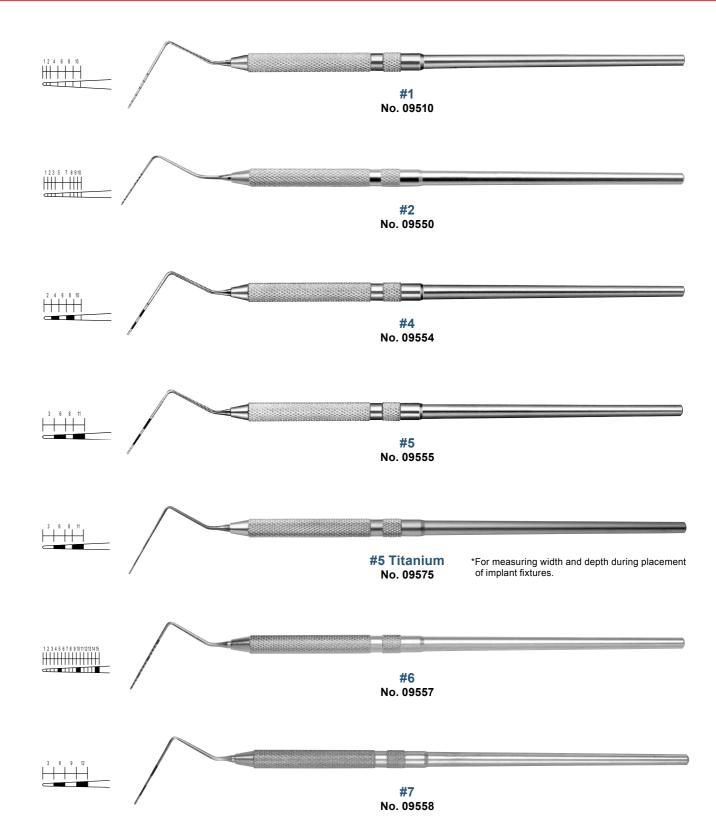
*Do not use the instrument with thinner blade or transformed by repeat sharpening.

*This is one of several sharpening technique.

Periodontal Probe



33







































































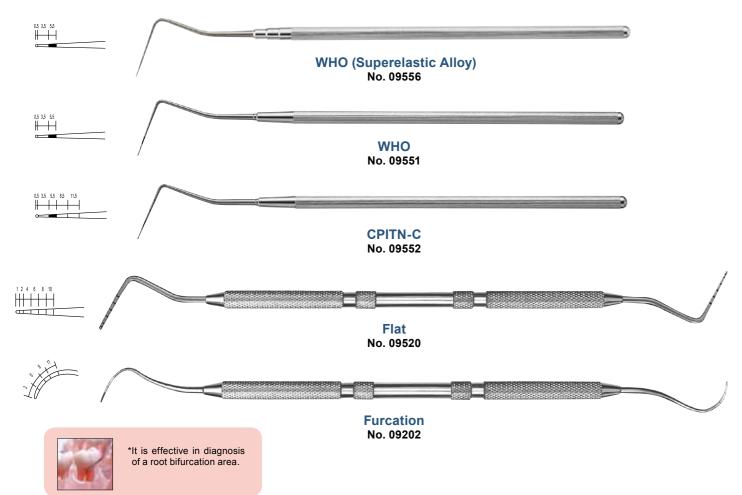


^{*}Sharpening stone : Sharpening of dull instruments or re-contouring.

Periodontal Probe



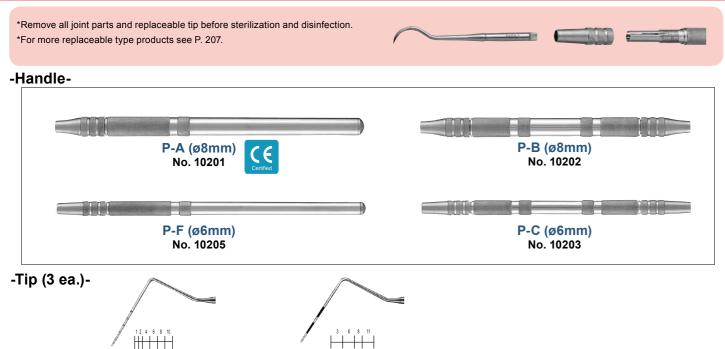




Periodontal Probe Tip (Replaceable Type)







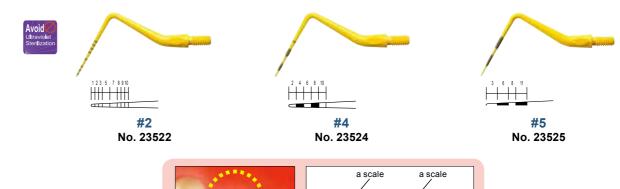
Periodontal Color Probe Tip (Replaceable Type)

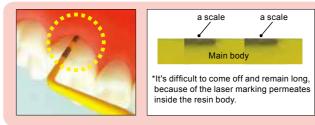






- *A probe made of the resin prevents implant and a prosthesis being damaged.
- *Black and yellow color combination offers easy distinction of the scale.
 *Because of the external diameter is only φ0.45mm, this product can reduce the burdens to periodontium.









-Handle-

*Material / PPSU









No. 23510









No. 23515













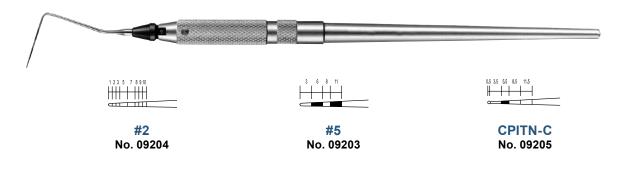


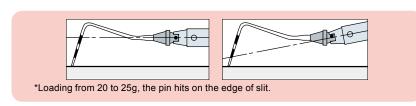




Gram Probe







Medicine Applicator





